

**GREAT
CLEARANCE SALE
NEW MILITARY
Thursday, April 1st, 1909
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ALL GOODS HALF PRICE
Exceptional Opportunity.**
M. GAINS,
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KOWLOON.

No. 14339.

The China Mail

ESTABLISHED 1845

號十三年三月九日

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, MARCH 30, 1909.

日九初月二年元統

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TO ORDER THE
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THORNE'S
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As supplied
to the
House of
Commons.

SCOTCH WHISKY.
SCALE AGENTS IN
HONG KONG, CHINA & MANILLA.
A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.
Hongkong, May 1, 1907.

SHANGHAI GAS COMPANY
LIMITED.

The report and statement of accounts for 1908, of the Shanghai Gas Company, Limited, testify to the continued prosperity of the Company. The higher cost of carbonising material, increased expenses and the loss which, for the first time, was incurred in the Company's fitting business, were fully counterbalanced by the increased sales of gas, and the working account for the year shows a profit of Tls. 241,183.13 is practically the same as that for 1907. The net profit for the year, however, amounted to Tls. 219,162.55, a decrease of Tls. 29,788.92, as compared with 1907. This result was almost entirely occasioned by the interest incurred on part of the amount of capital additional to the Company's plant, and it is evident that until the new plant is working to its full capacity, the Company cannot expect to reap all the profit to be derived therefrom. The Directors have considered it advisable to write down considerably the stock of materials held in certain departments, and to enable them to do this they have appropriated from new sales and depreciation account, the sum of Tls. 30,000.00. The balance at credit of profit and loss account, after crediting the new Tls. 6,000.00, carried forward after appropriation of the profit for 1907, and with the Tls. 30,000.00 so allotted, and deducting the amount of interim dividend at the rate of 7% (Tls. 84,000) paid on 25th July last, amounts to Tls. 171,766.23, of which sum the Directors recommend appropriation as follows:—

To pay a dividend for the year 1908, on 24,000 shares, at 6 per cent. (making 3.5 per cent. for the year) Tls. 3.00 per share, Tls. 72,000.00; To write off for depreciation of land and buildings, Tls. 94.13; To write off for depreciation of manufacturing and distributing plant, Tls. 8,246.42; To write off for depreciation of furniture, Tls. 10.24. To carry forward to next account, Tls. 4,908.44.

Private consumption increased 25,893,900 ft. or 5.7% per cent. The increase in gas used for public lighting has been 65,938 ft., or 4.17 per cent.

The number of Gas Engines in use is 113, and the increase in gas used for power amounted to 312,400 or 6.21 per cent.

Tons 2,810 more carbonizing material were used than in 1907 and 26,37,500 cubic feet more gas were produced.

The market for the Company's residuals has been satisfactory, and, apart from pote, of which a slightly increased quantity has been used for manufacturing purposes, there has been a considerable increase in all products.

Early in the year the Directors decided to provide the funds necessary for the payment of balance of cost of the New Plant, by the issue of further Loan Capital or preference to increasing the Share Capital. To enable this to be done it was necessary to consolidate the whole of the Debenture issues of the Company, and steps to effect this were taken. It was decided to create a new issue of 6 per cent. Debentures of not more than Tls. 1,250,000, of which, in the meantime Tls. 400,000 should be applied to the redemption of existing bonds, 100,000 should be held in reserve, and 1,000,000 should be issued as new debentures. Practically all the holders of existing debentures have a right to accept the new debentures in place of those now held by them, and of the residue a considerable portion has already been placed.

Mr. P. F. Lawler returned to Shanghai in May last and resumed his seat on the Board; Mr. E. Clark having resigned on leaving for England. Mr. Lawler has since resigned owing to his absence from Shanghai and the Board invited Mr. A. Hinde to fill the vacancy. Mr. Hinde's appointment required confirmation at the Annual General Meeting, which was held with the Address of the meeting, Mr. J. M. Young, and after being called to order himself for relection.

M. H. W. Hayter was appointed by the Directors to fill the place of Mr. W. H. Anderson who left Shanghai. Mr. Hayter and Mr. J. M. Bingham offer themselves for election as directors.

Mr. George H. Cawson, recently Secretary of the British Chamber of Commerce, has been elected president of the great corporation which unites New York City with us. This has been arranged for some time. President Cawson will receive a very large salary said to be 10,000 per year. The new company is to be known as the New York and Shanghai Corporation.

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Intimations.

G. FALCONER & Co.
WATCH-MAKERS AND JEWELLERS.
HOTEL MANSION.

NEW SELECTIONS OF
DIAMOND JEWELLERY AND ENGLISH SILVER WARE
HIGH-CLASS GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.
LARGE SELECTION OF PRESENTATION PLATE, CUPS, BOWLS, ETC.
G. FALCONER & Co. ARE AGENTS FOR BOSS'S FAMOUS TELESCOPES AND
BINOCULARS, KODAK KEEPING NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,
ADMIRALTY CHARTS AND BOOKS.

—(=)—
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE EMPIRE TYPEWRITER.

M. MUMEYA,

JAPANESE ARTIST AND PHOTOGRAPHER,
ENLARGEMENT ON BROMIDE PAPER
AND FINISHED IN CRAYON.

ALL KINDS OF WORK DONE FOR AMATEURS.
VERY FINE PANORAMIC VIEWS OF HONGKONG.
84, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

WING KEE & CO.,

NO. 47, 48 and 49, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL
SHIP-CHANDLERS, SAILMAKERS, PROVISION MERCHANTS, COAL
MERCHANTS, &c., &c., OF FIFTY YEARS STANDING.
SHIP CAPTAINS ARE REQUESTED TO GIVE US A TRIAL.

FRANCISCO TSE YAT, General Manager.

Hongkong, August 12, 1908.

REMINGTON
TYPEWRITERS
WITH ALL REQUISITES.

SIEMSEN & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS.

Hongkong, March 2, 1908.



Hongkong, January 27, 1908.

MATHEUS MUELLER
'BRAND EXTRA'
SPECIAL CHAMPAGNE

Purveyors to H. I. M. the Emperor of Germany and
14 other REIGNING houses.

A. C. MEUKOW & Co.
COGNAC CHARENTE,
FINE CHAMPAGNE BRANDY.
GRANDE CHAMPAGNE BRANDY 1858.
GRANDE CHAMPAGNE BRANDY 1842.

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NORD: LLOYD, HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINE, MES-
SAGERIES, MARITIMES, LEVANTE LINE, SHIRE
LINE, KOSMOS LINE & CITIZEN LINE of Steamers
and others. At many highly important Banquets it is
the only brandy served.

BUmann AND BERRINGER,

15, 16 & 17, Connaught Road.

Telephone No. 427.

Hongkong, May 5, 1908.

Intimations.

BERLIN COMPARED WITH
LONDON.

The most American of European cities and the least German in all Germany, Berlin can in many respects serve as an example to London in the matter of housing, street arrangements, and municipal administration.

While remaining faithful in the newly-built quarters, to the poverty-stricken chess-board pattern of street-laying, Berlin has at least avoided that stunted and grimy mushroom growth of two-story workmen's houses which disgraces the approach to London from the Continent. Although there are, unfortunately, here, as elsewhere, overcrowded tenements, there are no longer any real slums—a consummation for which the municipality is to be thanked.

Even the police for the suppression of looting. Rags and tatters are extremely rare, as is also pronounced drunkenness.

Even the working-class quarters are not so bad. On the other hand for the middle and lower middle classes excellent accommodation is provided on relatively moderate terms.

The Berlin flats and half-flats are incomparably better than the corresponding eight-roomed houses and "maisonnettes" of London. They are in the direct line of modern progress—the modern and progressive is the ideal of every Berliner, even representing a successful effort to secure economy through co-operation.

Houses for middle-class families are now being built in the West End of Berlin with a central kitchen for all the tenants, to be worked by a common staff of servants. Domestic service—a problem of constantly increasing difficulty—is reduced to a minimum by central heating, combined with a supply of hot water. Lifts are almost universal, rendering height an advantage rather than a drawback. There is a liberal provision of light and space in all the buildings of the last twenty years, a considerable proportion of the whole, for it will be remembered that Berlin shows the most rapid growth of all European cities.

IN THE BERLIN STREETS.

This circumstance, together with the breadth and cleanliness of the streets, compensates for the heavy ostentatiousness of much of the architecture. The names of streets appear not high up on the corner but, projecting from street-jumps at about nine feet from the ground and well lit, while under them are placed the numbers of the houses in the particular block: "1—10". The addresses of the nearest police station, chemist, fire brigade and ambulance stations are to be found on the advertisement pillars.

The streets in the working-class quarters are as wide as the rest. Those in the wealthier centres are frequently enlivened by gardens and rows of trees. A welcome brightness is added to the streets even in the poorer quarters by decorated balconies, large enough to permit of their being used for meals in the summer. The Emperor and Empress give prizes for the prettiness of these decorations. The lighting is better than in London, and is chiefly electric.

The all-pervading Prussian organization and discipline also serve the cause of charity, producing better general results at less expense. Experienced German observers admit that there is much more personal sacrifice in London than here, especially in the case of women, but owing to the wastefulness and uncertainty of private effort it yields far less in actual relief.

The strictly regulated Berlin system—almost exclusively municipal—gives speedier results, every one knowing exactly where and how to apply for relief.

Municipal asylums for the homeless are always available.

The system seems on the whole to be even less subject to abuse than the voluntary British method. In London it is only the Charity Organisation Society that appears to approach the Berlin municipal standard, and Germans are disposed to regard its methods as still very primitive compared to their own highly developed system. The hopeless misery of the "submerged" who may be seen crawling about the streets of London is practically unknown here, except in the rare cases of educated persons fallen into destitution who are ashamed to apply for this kind of their disposal. But even the latter are discovered in the long run and receive the help which they are too proud to claim.

CARE OF THE POOR.

Hospital administration is also more effective, particularly on the medical side. It must be admitted, however, that the nursing is done by a lower social stratum and is less satisfactory.

The trained London nurse comes from a higher class and is herself paid and better treated than the Berlin colleague. The latter is not only from her own prejudices but from the general lack of consideration for nursing which characterizes the "Bettler" of both sexes. For example, in the big shops the female cashiers and saleswomen constantly give precedence over their own sex to men, who accept it as a matter of course, and who furthermore never dream of offering their seats to women in a tramway car.

Those who can afford to pay for hospital attendance are obliged to do so, long-allowed under three tariffs according to their position. Special protection is made for servants, whose masters have to pay a small weekly pension for them by means of a deduction.

So far as mere instruction goes, the primary and other schools are also more effectively organized than in London, the good results of the strict disciplining being, however, disengaged by a certain lack of independence and initiative as compared

mitsu bishi goshi kwaisha
(mitsu bishi co.)

COAL DEPARTMENT.

SOLE PROPRIETORS OF TAKASIMA,

SOCHI, HOJO, NAMAZU, SAYO,

SHINJEW and KAMIYAMA CH-

arters.

SOLE AGENTS FOR KISHIDAKE, MI-

YAO, and KIGI-KOMATSU Coal.

For particulars, apply to

H. OISHI,

Manager,

No. 2, PEDDE STREET,

HONGKONG.

Hongkong, January 9, 1909.

1117

HEAD OFFICE—TOKYO.

BRANCH OFFICES—

NARAHAMA, MIKI, KAKUNO, WAKAMATSU,

KOKE, OSAKA, SHANGHAI, HONGKONG,

HANKOW.

TELE. ADDRESSES FOR ABOVE:—

IWASAKI, OSAKA, 5th Ed., Western Union.

CODES—A1, ABC 5th Ed., Western Union.

TELE. ADDRESSES FOR ABOVE:—

YOKOHAMA: M. ARAI, Esq.

CHINCHING: MORRIS GLENN & Co.

MANILA: MORRIS MACDONALD & Co.

For particulars, apply to

H. OISHI,

Manager,

No. 2, PEDDE STREET,

HONGKONG.

Hongkong, January 9, 1909.

1116

AGENCIES

YOKOHAMA: M. ARAI, Esq.

CHINCHING: MORRIS GLENN & Co.

MANILA: MORRIS MACDONALD & Co.

For particulars, apply to

H. OISHI,

Manager,

No. 2, PEDDE STREET,

HONGKONG.

Hongkong, January 9, 1909.

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WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A STENOGRAPHER AND TYPE-

WRITER; send references with

applications to

VOX,

Care of "CHINA MAIL" Office,

Hongkong, March 18, 1909.

378

NOTICE.

THE present Proprietor of S. E.

ALLANA & CO., begs to solicit the

patronage of the Customers of this

Firm, as he now takes over the charge

of the Business.

Hongkong, March 24, 1909.

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HONGKONG CLUB.

NOTICE.

THE FIFTEEN DRAWING OF SIXTY-

FIVE CHAMBERS OF THE HONG-

KONG CLUB (1896) will be held

in the Hongkong Club House on FRIDAY,

the 19th March, when the following Dishes

were Drawn for Redemption:—

33 568 763 1120 1422

47 574 803 1210 1520

50 591 823 1218 1540

72 643 865 1220 1549

112 645 1003 1225 1567

112 673 1029 1243 1566

162 683 1040 1281 1651

162 684 1054 1280 1651

181 684 1067 1281 1652

182 685 1091 1291 1613

245 706 1098 1337 1620

311 735 1172 1376 1924

311 736 1174 1385 1923

and will be Payable at the Hongkong and

Shanghai Banking Corporation on WED-

NESDAY, the 18th March 1909, in ex-

change for surfer of justice.

By Order, JAMES CRAKE,

Secretary.

Hongkong, March 19, 1909.

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NOTICE.

DEAL, TOILET

REQUISITES.

Franz's Eau de Cologne and Eau de

Quinine.

Delightful Soaps in elegant

boxes.

La France Rose—Creme Bouquet.

Italian Rose—Fragr. Fauci.

TO LET.

TO LET.

Up-to-date Houses in HUMPHREYS'S AVENUE, Kowloon, with Gardens at entrance.
Apply to TAM TEE KONG,
42, Bonham Strand West, Hongkong,
or Hua Onno,
60, Elgin Road, Kowloon,
Hongkong. February 6, 1909.

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TO LET.

UNFURNISHED: No. 13a, MACDONNELL ROAD, having 6 Rooms, Servants' Quarters, Lawn, Electric Light and Bell. Full view of the Harbour. Possession April 1st.
Apply to CHUNG CHI-NAM,
c/o YAN ON Importers Co., Ltd.,
303, Des Voeux Road Central,
Hongkong. March 25, 1909.

425

TO LET.

OFFICES in ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.
Apply to SECRETARY,
A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,
Hongkong. April 22, 1909.

180

TO LET.

SHOP and DWELLINGHOUSE, No. 73, Queen's Road Central.
Apply to S. J. DAVID & CO.,
Prince's Building,
Hongkong. March 26, 1909.

424

TO LET.

FOUR and Five-Roomed HOUSES, at Kowloon.
New and Convenient SHOPS, NAMAN ROAD, Kowloon. Immediate possession. Cheap Rentals.
Apply to HUMPHREYS' ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD.,
Hongkong. March 23, 1909.

408

TO LET—FURNISHED.

NO. 6, MACDONNELL ROAD, from May 22, for six months.
Apply to FRED. J. BALTON,
PAIGE MAIL S.S. Co.,
Hongkong. March 19, 1909.

350

TO LET.

NO. 1, OBSERVATORY VILLAS, Kowloon. Electric Lights, Tennis Court, with Garden attached. Moderate Rental.
Apply to ARAATON V. APCAR & CO.,
45, Wyndham Street,
Hongkong. March 2, 1909.

305

TO LET—FURNISHED.

FUNG SHU, THE PEAK.—To be let furnished for 8 months or longer.
Apply to JOHNSON, STORE & MASTER,
8, Des Voeux Road Central,
Hongkong. November 6, 1908.

1920

TO LET.

UNFURNISHED, No. 2, MOUNTAIN VIEW; at present occupied by Captain WALKER, R.E., possession April 1st.
Apply to J. W. NOBLE,
18, Bank Buildings,
Hongkong. February 19, 1909.

248

TO LET.

S. H. HUGHES & HOUGH have received instructions to Sell by Public Auction.

25

TO LET.

A SPACIOUS BUILDING in a Picturesque Garden, including all Furniture for restaurant only.
Apply to CHINESE MAIL,
14, Queen's Road Central,
Hongkong. December 23, 1908.

172

TO LET.

OFFICES in YORK BUILDING,
GODOWNS in PEAK EAST, Blue Building and No. 16a, DES VOEUX ROAD next to the Hongkong Hotel.
FLATS in MONTON TERRACE,
No. 10, DES VOEUX ROAD CENTRAL 1st Floor.

1

TO LET.

A House in RIPPON TERRACE,
A House in WONG NEE ORKON ROAD,
No. 2, CLIFTON GARDENS, Conduit Road.
Apply to THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.,
Hongkong. March 1, 1909.

24

TO LET.

BRACONFIELD'S ARCADE, Fine Shops, Offices and Dwelling Rooms, DWELLINGS AND OFFICES in Queen's Road Central.
A GODOWN in INDIA STREET, BEHILLOS TERRACE, ROBINSON ROAD.

1

TO LET.

A 6-Roomed House, Furnished or Unfurnished, in the Central District, Nos. 2 & 3, THE CONFIDENTIAL ARCADE, Queen's Road Central.

1

TO LET.

NOS. 8 and 10, WINDHAM STREET, containing 3 Large Rooms, each can be let together or separately.
Apply to PEROY SMITH & SETH,
Hongkong. January 18, 1909.

33

TO LET.

NO. 34, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL (Shop) opposite the Post Office).
No. 14, WINDHAM STREET, suitable for Office or Dwelling.
No. 14, IVAGULIAR STREET, suitable for Office or Dwelling.
All these areas present occupied by Wadham's Ltd.
For particulars, etc., apply to WEE SING FATT & CO.,
Bank Buildings.
Hongkong. March 13, 1909.

1024

A CELEBRATED BEAUTY



RECOLLECTIONS OF A MEDICAL MISSIONARY.

Lord Roberts, in an introduction to Dr T. L. Pennell's book, "Among the Wild Tribes of the Afghan Frontier" bears witness to the admirable work that is being done by medical missionaries, like the author, among the turbulent tribesmen of the Indo-Afghan borderland. Dr Pennell went among these people not as an administrator or soldier, but as a healer of the sick and the maimed, in the first place, and—whenever the opportunity offered—as a preacher of the Gospel. It was his aim to become the trusted friend of the Pathan, and his voice iong gave him opportunity of penetrating the intimate life of the people which are rarely enjoyed by officials. A missionary, medical or otherwise, on the frontier must be prepared for exciting adventures; and the book is full of them. Dr Pennell writes:—

One, when I was in a trans-border village, resting a few hours in the heat of the day, some young bloods arrived who had just come in from a raid, and were still in the excitement of bloodshed. Some of them thought it would be a good opportunity to bait the Dukur Sahib, and one of them, holding his loaded revolver to my chest, said: "Now we are going to shoot you." I replied: "You will be very great fools if you do, because I am of more use to you than to myself, and you would as likely as not poison yourselves with my drags if I were not there to tell you how to use them!" At this the senior man of the party rebuked them, and offered me a kind of apology for their rudeness, saying: "They are only young fellows, and they are excited. Do not mind what they say. We will see that no harm comes to you." On another occasion I came to a village across the border rather late at night. There were some outlaws in the village, but the chief under whose protection I placed myself took the precaution of putting my bed in the centre of all of his retainers, fully armed, in a circle round me, one or two of whom were to keep watch in turns. I had had a hard day's work, and was soon sound asleep, and this was my safety, because I was told in the morning that some of the more fanatical spirits had wanted to kill me in the night, but the others said: "So, he has trusted himself entirely to our protection, and because he trusts us he is sleeping so soundly; therefore no harm must be done to him in our village."

Dr Pennell records a conversation between a frontier official and the headman of one of the independent tribes:

"They had been touring with him for some days. He had fed them well, and could chat familiarly with them in their own lingo, so that they had learnt to talk with him without reserve about even their tribal secrets."

"Now, tell me," said the officer, "if there were to be war—which God forbid—between Russia and England, what part would you and your people take? Whom would you side with?"

"Do you wish us to tell you what would please you, or to tell you the real truth?" was their native reply.

"I assure you only tell me what is the 'white word,'" (meaning the true statement).

"Then," said an old greybeard among them, voicing the feelings of all present, "we would just sit here up on our mountain-tops, watching you both fight, until we saw one or other of you utterly defeated; then we would come down and loot the vanquished to the last mule? God is great! What a time that would be for us!"

The following extract will give an idea of the professional work of a medical missionary on the borderland. Dr Pennell writes:—

"Two years ago a forbidding-looking Afghan brought down his wife to the Bami Mission Hospital. In a fit of jealousy he had cut off her nose, but when he reflected in a cooler moment that he had paid a good sum for her, and had only injured his own property and his domestic happiness, he was sorry for it, and brought her to us to restore her, as far as possible, her pristine beauty. She had a low forehead, unsuitable for the usual operation, so I said to the husband that I did not think the result of the operation would be very satisfactory; but if he would pay the price I would purchase him an artificial nose from England, which, if it did not make her as handsome as before, would at any rate conceal the deformity."

"How much will it cost?" said the Afghan.

"About thirty rupees."

There was a silence; he was evidently rankled by conflicting sentiments.

"Well, my man, what are you thinking about? Will you have it or no?"

"I was thinking this, sir," he replied.

"You say it costs thirty rupees, and I could get a new wife for eighty rupees."

And this was said before the poor woman herself, without anything to show the fact; he had said nothing out of the common! I am glad to say, however, that he ultimately decided to have the original wife patched up, paid the money and I measured him the wife from England, which gave, I believe, entire satisfaction, and the last time I heard of them they were living happily together."

—

CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA REMEDY.

THIS medicine is well known for its prompt cure of bowel complaint, which is always more or less prevalent in this season of the year. An attack of diarrhoea is liable to come on without warning, and it is a well-known fact that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is the best and most effective remedy for such attacks. For details apply to W. G. HUMPHREYS & CO., Sole Agents, Bank Buildings, Hongkong. March 13, 1909.

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THE CHINESE MAIL

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POWELL'S

ARE NOW SHOWING
NEW
AND
INEXPENSIVE
DESIGNS IN
LACE & MUSLIN
CURTAINS
FOR THE
SPRING SEASON.

THEATRE ROYAL
CITY HALL.

World's
Championship
Prize Fight.

TOMMY BURNS
versus
JACK JOHNSON.
ORIGINAL PICTURES OF THE
FIGHT TAKEN AT SYDNEY.
TO-NIGHT (TUESDAY),
and WEDNESDAY,
March 20 & 21.

BOOKING AT
S. MOUTRIE & Co., Ltd.
Hongkong, March 20, 1907.

VICTORIA
CINEMATOGRAPH

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!

BUT OF MISS HILDA
IN SEPTINE DANCES.The Celebrated Comedy Duo
and Unparalleled Dancers

ADSON	THORNE
ADSON	THORNE
ADSON	THORNE

IN A GRAND CHANGE
OF

PROGRAMME

INTRODUCING
CATCHY SONGS,
PARODIES
AND ARTISTIC
DANCING.WEEKLY NEWS
FOR HOME

The Overland China Mail

FULL REPORTS
LATEST INTELLIGENCE

OCEANIC MAIL

CHINA MAIL

CROYDON BY-ELECTION.

HUG CONSERVATIVE MAJORITY.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

LONDON, March 30.
Mr. Herman Hodge (Conservative) secured a majority of 3,943 at the Croydon by-election, caused by the death of Mr. H. O. Arnold Forster. The question of naval defence was the principal issue.

[Note—At the General Election the figures were—Mr. H. O. Arnold Forster (C), 6,245; Mr. H. C. Somers Somerset (L), 7,241; Mr. S. Stranks (Lab.), 4,112.]

ANGLO-GERMAN RELATIONS.

VON BIELOW ON "BRITISH FANATICS."

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.
Copyright protected under
Ordinance 3 of 1894.)

LONDON, March 30.

Speaking in the Reichstag, Prince von Biebow referred in the friendliest terms to Great Britain. He recalled the warmth of the welcome to King Edward and Queen Alexandra and urged that Anglo-German industry and commerce were absolutely interdependent. He was confident that British fanatics would not have the decisive voice in the matter. (Cheers).

YUAN SHIH-KAI'S ILLNESS.

(Wah Yat Po's Service.)
PEKING, March 22.

The Government has deputed an official to proceed to Honan Province with a view to enquiring into the illness of Yuan Shih-kai.

CHINESE EDUCATIONAL PROGRESS.

(Wah Yat Po's Service.)
PEKING, March 23.

The Prince Regent has directed the Minister of the Board of Education to the effect that any official who advocates the abolition of the present system of education and encourages the revival of the old methods of holding literary examinations must be at once dismissed.

DANTE THE MARVELLOUS.

Dante, the Marvellous, who is touring the world with an excellent conjuring and magical entertainment has had some difficulty in appearing before the Theatre Royal being to the public owing to the Theatre Royal being so fully engaged. However, he and his accomplished wife give an entertainment at the German Club on Thursday evening, and later it is hoped that other Clubs will afford them an opportunity of showing Hongkong how clever they are in their particular line of business.

COWARDLY CONDUCT.

Inspector Langley prosecuted a native boatman at the Magistracy to-day, before Mr. F. A. Hasland, for failing to observe regulation No. 7 of his license which states that everything must be done to save life in the case of drowning. It appears that on Sunday afternoon three boys were in a boat in Hungshou Bay, when the boat capsized. The occupants were in difficulties and defendant was in the vicinity with his boat. Some Europeans, who witnessed the affair from the shore, shouted to the defendant to row to the assistance of the boys and offered him \$30 to do so. Instead he rowed away and in consequence one of the boys was drowned. The case was remanded.

THE ANGLICAN CONFERENCE.

Bishop Landis left Hongkong on Saturday to attend the Anglican Conference at Shanghai. This Conference deals with the organization of the native Church in China and the Bishops attending are the Rt. Revs. Bishop O. P. Scott of North China; Bishop G. D. Ifill of Shantung; Bishop H. M. E. Price of Fukien; Bishop L. H. Root of Hankow; Bishop J. H. Mason of Chekiang; Bishop G. H. Lander of Hongkong; and Bishop W. Cassels of West China. Each Bishop is accompanied by two foreign and two native clergy as well as two Chinese lay delegates.

DEATH OF QUEENSLAND TRADE COMMISSIONER.

Mr. Frederick G. Jones, Commissioner of Trade to the Queensland Government in Pekin, passed away at the General Hospital, Shanghai, after a brief illness extending over only two days. The cause of death was pneumonia, the disease which had compelled him to resign his position as Commissioner of Trade to the Queensland Government in Pekin.

The death of Mr. Jones has been deeply regretted by the Queensland Government and the Chinese Government. The Chinese Government has sent a wire of sympathy to the Queensland Government.

The Chinese Government has also sent a wire of sympathy to the family of Mr. Jones.

A DISTINGUISHED VISITOR.
Canton Tartar-General in Hongkong.

The newly-appointed Tartar-General to Canton (His Excellency Tseng Chih), accompanied by his secretary (Mr. Hauch Yung-Nien) and Capt. Wao Quang Tung, arrived at Hongkong yesterday and will remain for two or three days.

This morning His Excellency landed at Murray Pier and was met by Capt. P. Mitchell Taylor (A.D.C. to His Excellency the Governor), a guard of honour being formed by the 105th Maharashtra and band. After a salute of 19 guns had been fired from the Kowloon Battery, the A.D.C. escorted the distinguished visitor and party to Government House, where they were received by His Excellency the Governor (Sir F. D. Lugard). The Hon. Mr. F. H. May (Colonial Secretary), the Hon. Mr. A. Irving (Acting Registrar-General) and Mr. Harris (Commissioner of Customs) were also present.

[The Tartar General then called on His Excellency the Officer Commanding the Troops (Major General Broadwood) and Commodore Lyon. Later His Excellency the Governor returned the call in person on board the Chinese gunboat which is to convey the Tartar-General to Canton.]

This afternoon the Tartar-General visited Mr. Harris at his residence on the Peak; and to-morrow he is being entertained to luncheon at Government House, to which Major General Broadwood, Vice-Admiral Sir Howard Lambton, Commodore Lyon, Chief Justice, the Chinese Judge, Mr. Harris and members of the Executive and Legislative Council have also been invited. After luncheon the party will visit the Quarry Bay dockyard. The A.D.C. will accompany the party in a special tramcar, and the return journey will be made on the Government House launch Victoria, on board of which tea will be served.

DEATH OF DR. HEINRICH WIEGAND.

A Great Loss to the N.D.L.

It is with deep regret that we learn of the death at Bonnburg der Hohe, near Wiesbaden, on Monday afternoon, of Dr. Heinrich Wiegand, Director-General of the Norddeutscher Lloyd. Dr. Wiegand was born at Bremen on the 17th of August, 1855, and received his intellectual training first at the town grammar school and later at the Gymnasium at Bremen, where he passed his graduating examination in the autumn of 1874. At the University of Erlangen, Bonn, Berlin and Strasburg, Wiegand studied law from 1874 until 1877, and passed the preliminary examination in 1877. In 1878 he entered the Government service. His intention being to later on join the Imperial Railway Service. However private returns made it necessary for him to return to Bremen in 1879. During the same year Wiegand passed the final examination and became a Doctor of Law, after he had settled down in Bremen as a lawyer. He mainly had in view matters concerning the commercial and maritime laws, and consequently in the course of time became more and more engaged in work as adviser to the local shipping authorities of North Germany. On the 1st of January, 1883, Wiegand joined the Norddeutscher Lloyd as a Counsellor. After the death of Director Lehmann, in 1892, Dr. Wiegand was asked to take the position of Director-General of the Norddeutscher Lloyd, and how well he fulfilled the onerous and exacting duties of the high office perhaps only Germans can fully appreciate. Under his management the great German steamship company has extended its operations in all directions and has won such a name for itself that its reputation, wherever its flag is flown, is second to none at the present day. We tender our condolences to the family of the deceased in their great loss and to the Company which he has governed so well and so well.

SANITARY BOARD SECRETARYSHIP.

Mr. G. A. Woodcock's Successor.

At a meeting of the Sanitary Board held this afternoon the following letter was read from the Hon. Colonial Secretary:

Sir—I am directed to inform you that in view of the present constitution of the Sanitary Department it is considered that the duties of the Secretary to the Sanitary Board are no longer so responsible or arduous as they were when there was no separate Head of the Department. An opportunity often to transfer Mr. G. A. Woodcock, the present Secretary, elsewhere, and it is accordingly proposed to reduce the salary attached to the appointment from its present figure to the rate of \$360, rising by triennial increments of \$30 to \$420 per annum. The post will be offered subject to the approval of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, to Mr. C. F. W. Bowen Holland. It is further proposed to abolish the post of Principal Clerk, as it is not considered that such an officer is necessary when the Head of the Department devotes the whole of his time to the Department. I request you to lay the letter before the Board.

Mr. A. Shelton Hobson submitted:—This is a very important change, and should be fully discussed.

Mr. Ian Off Pak—Even if my mother wish to retain Mr. Woodcock's services I do not suppose it can be done. All we know him, I am sure, sincerely regret that he is to be taken away from the Sanitary Board. Even since he was appointed Secretary to the old Colonial Office I can say without hesitation that Mr. Woodcock has invariably displayed his enormous talents and knowledge in the most commendable manner. My mother is the only person who can appreciate his services to the Sanitary Board.

Mr. Ian Off Pak—Even if my mother wish to retain Mr. Woodcock's services I do not suppose it can be done. All we know him, I am sure, sincerely regret that he is to be taken away from the Sanitary Board.

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THE HUNGKOW ROBBERY.

The cable station near the Kowloon Dock was looted on Sunday evening and in consequence the telephone service to Kowloon was somewhat disarranged all day on Monday. A Chinese constable noticed a light in the place and surprised the robbers who were resting after having packed up all the brass and lead they could find. In consequence five natives were charged before Mr. F. A. Hasland, at the Magistracy today, with breaking and entering the cable house at Hungkow and stealing telegraph instruments value \$87.20, the property of the Military Authorities, telegraph instruments value \$83.20, the property of the local Government, telegraph instruments value \$14, the property of the Eastern Telegraph Co., and telegraph instruments value \$65, the property of the China Japan Telegraph Co. The case was remanded.

RATS IN EUROPEAN HOUSES.

Correspondence was read at a meeting of the Sanitary Board this afternoon relative to rats in European houses at Tsim-sha-tsin.

Dr. MacFarlane, A. M. O. H., reported that as consequence of numerous complaints re rats in European houses he appointed Inspector Brown to visit every one and enquire: (1) If they had rats or not; (2) If they wished traps, bird-lime boards, rat poison, or all three. This took two days to do, owing largely to the tenants in many cases keeping the Inspector waiting 15 to 30 minutes, a rather inconsiderate proceeding. The result of these inquiries was shown in an attached sheet. On the following day traps, etc., asked for were supplied: sixty-one traps, 137 bird-lime boards and 60 pieces of poison. In addition there were 45 houses rented by the military authorities in Austin Avenue, Salisbury Avenue, East Terrace, etc. To these Major Macdonald, R.A.M.C., kindly agreed to issue traps, etc., and 35 traps, 31 bird-lime boards and 300 pieces of poison were issued for this purpose. Therefore there were now in the European quarter 96 traps, 172 bird-lime boards, 360 pieces of rat poison issued by the Sanitary Department in 18 European houses, the remaining refusing to have them, or, for other causes, not wanting any. As the matter was of some importance, it might call attention to the seriousness of allowing rats in houses if the matter were circulated to the Board.

LAND FOR PRIVATE CEMETERIES.

The report of the committee appointed by the Sanitary Board to consider the general advisability of disposing of land to be used as private cemeteries was read at a meeting of the Sanitary Board this afternoon.

It is stated:—All cemeteries in the Colony, whether leased or otherwise, are subject to the regulations made by the Board for their sanitary maintenance, and an increase in the number of detached and isolated cemeteries would therefore necessitate a larger staff of officers for their supervision. For this reason we consider it impracticable to approve of land being disposed of by the Government for isolated and detached cemeteries except under special circumstances, for denominations or classes of the community not at present provided for. If, however, any Chinese in affluent circumstances wishes to have a space reserved as a private graveyard permission might be given for an area to be so reserved and raised off either in an existing Chinese cemetery or on land adjoining such cemetery, the charge to be made for such special reservation to be calculated at the same rate as grave spaces in class D of the Chinese cemetery, namely, at the rate of 92 square feet. The report was signed by the then Head of the Department, the Director of Public Works, and Mr. Shelton Hobson.

The Hon. Mr. Hewitt moved—Agreed with the committee's report.

THE BURNS-JOHNSON FIGHT.

Few, if any, famous contests at Sydney, but all are now given the opportunity of gaining a distinct and true impression of what the sensational content was like. This is made possible by a series of admirable cinematograph pictures which are being shown at the Theatre Royal.

Last night was the first occasion on which the film was shown in Hongkong, and the large audience which assembled thoroughly appreciated the splendid living pictures. Prior to those relating to the fight itself, a number of films were displayed, all showing both the huge negro and his mighty little opponent going through their arduous training, while some conception of the immense interest manifested in the event at Sydney, views of the enormous crowds outside and inside the Stadium were also shown. Of the fight itself the first four and the last four rounds only were shown, but these, being remarkably clear in every detail, gave a wonderful conception of the nature of the contest. Notably, the more brutal side of the fight could not be exhibited in a cinematograph, and few will complain at this, but at the same time, sufficient was seen to indicate the negro's immense advantage over his opponent in size and strength, while in many it appeared that the fight was stalled by the instant "dismay" of the negro, and few will complain at this.

A number of other films, some amusing and others edifying, were also shown.

The Burns-Johnson fight—The

CINEMATOGRAPH FILMS IN COURT.

Mr. F. Arnold, sub-manager of the Pathé Cinema Machine Co., summoned Mr. V. D. Casy, of the Star Cinematograph, for an infringement of a trade mark, belonging to the plaintiff company.

Mr. D. V. Stevenson, of Messrs Deacon, Lester and Dawson, appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. Roder Harris, of Messrs Wilkinson and Grist, defended.

Mr. Stevenson said that this was a prosecution under the merchandise marks ordinance, complainants being the owners of the particular trade mark, which was registered in London, Paris and America. The Hongkong firm supplied cinematograph films of Pathé Pictures. On Monday week a new cinematograph opened in Wyndham Street of which defendant was the proprietor and a film was exhibited entitled "Veiled Beauty". The film had been exhibited without exhibiting the title and at the end a portion of a Pathé film had been pasted on the body of the film bearing the Eagle trade mark. A search was made and the film was found on the premises.

Defendant gave evidence and said that he had asked his operator to separate the "Veiled Beauty" film from that of the "Short-tailed Spartan" as he was going to give the "Veiled Beauty" to a friend.

Unfortunately his operator had separated the film at the wrong place but defendant was entirely ignorant of this until the policeman came to search for it. The films were in the charge of his operator and the box, being locked, defendant broke it open to see what time it was.

Defendant was fined \$50, and ordered to pay \$50 costs and to give up the film to the complainants after seven days.

THE HOLY HOST MIRACULOUSLY PRESERVED.

In the excellent review published in Rome, the *Adoration Reparatrix*, appears the following which was transmitted from St. Petersburg by Redemptorist:—Forty years ago the persecution against the Catholic Church in the Russian Colony was raging fiercely. There were numerous Churches which were ordered to be closed *de jure* by the Government. Among them was the Niedzwiedzies in Lithuania. Such was the hate of the gendarmes in undertaking this task that the parish priest had scarcely time to remove the Holy Sacrament to a safe shadow of liberty. Many clerics, even priests, restored to their church and among others one above referred to, the "Giant" who opened that door which has been closed for forty years. In was a festival day in all the village. The clergy accompanied by innumerable crowds of faithful entered the ruined Church. The Tabernacle was opened when it was found that the temperature and dampness had not destroyed the sacred host. The priest on examining the sacred Vase that contained the holy Host found it intact, white and fresh, as if it was just consecrated!

THE FRANCISCAN ORDER IN CHINA.

According to the *Memoria* officially presented by the Reverend Minister-general of Minor Friars to the Prefect-general of the Congregation of the Propaganda Fide, at the beginning of the year, the Franciscan Order have in the Chinese Empire 9 Apostolic Vicariates where 203 priests are associated in their apostolic functions; 2 Choristers and 17 Brothers; 115 nuns; 5 priests of the Third Order and 336 lay Brothers. They have under their jurisdiction and direction 83,000,000 individuals, 163,170 Catholics and 58,268 converts. They have under their administration 2099 churches and public chapels; 349 extensive Parochial districts; 12 parishes; 15 colleges; 780 schools with 582 seminarians; 689 college-borders and 21,000 day scholars respectively. They have 848 temples with 3496 parishes, every one having a benevolent establishment for 747 individuals.

They have administered the holy baptism to 13,567 adults and 23,302 children, and the Holy Confirmation to 4932 persons.

QUALIFIED ENGLISH CHEMISTS.

WILL ALWAYS BE ON DUTY TO

DISPENSE PRESCRIPTIONS.

THE FRANCISCAN ORDER IN CHINA.

COST OF RUNNING LESS THAN HALF-PRICE

PER HOUR.

POWER KNOWN.

COST OF RUNNING LESS THAN HALF-PRICE

PER HOUR.

POWER KNOWN.

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COST OF RUNNING LESS THAN HALF-PRICE

PER HOUR.

Shipping.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

PROPOSED SAILINGS OF MAIL STEAMERS

FOR

MARSEILLES & LONDON,

TAKING PASSENGERS ALSO FOR

COLOMBO, INDIA, AUSTRALASIA, EGYPT, BRINDISI, &c.

THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED TO COLOMBO AND NEW YORK.

STEAMERS	Leave	Collecting Steamers	Due at	Due at
to	HONGKONG	From COLOMBO to	MARSEILLES & LONDON	PLYMOUTH (London 1 day later)
TONS	Noon Sat'day	TONE	Saturday, 1909	Saturday, 1909
DELHI	8000	April 3	MAILWA	May 1
DEVANHA	8000	April 17	MONGOLIA	May 2
ASSAYE	7500	May 1	MARMORA	May 29
DELTA	5000	May 15	INDIA	June 4
OBESANA	7000	June 29	VICTORIA	June 13
DELHI	8000	June 12	MOOLTAN	June 27
DEVANHA	8000	June 29	CHINA	July 11
				July 16
				July 25

Passenger change steamers at COLOMBO, and those for BAINDRA transfer also to the Express Mail Steamer at PORT SAID.

Accommodation in the connecting steamer from COLOMBO is arranged in Hongkong at time of booking.

In addition to the above Mail Steamers the following:-

INTERMEDIATE (Non-Transhipment) STEAMERS

WILL LEAVE FOR

LONDON,

CARRYING SALOON PASSENGERS AT REDUCED RATES.

STEAMERS	Leave	Arrive	Due at
	HONGKONG	LONDON	about
TONNAGE			
BUMATRA	8000	April 19	May 27
PAIMA	8000	April 21	June 5
NUBIA	6000	May 5	June 19
PEPA	8000	May 19	July 3
SOMALI	7000	June 2	July 17
POONA	8000	June 18	August 1
NAMUB	7000	June 30	August 15

These Steamers call also at Singapore, Penang, Colombo, and at Malta or Marseilles.

* Carry 1st and 2nd Saloon Passengers.

For further particulars, apply to

E. A. HEWITT,
Superintendent.

212

THE EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN MAIL SERVICE. TO AUSTRALIA.

MAIL SCHEDULE.

(SUBJECT TO MODIFICATION).

STEAMERS	ARRIVE HONGKONG FROM AUSTRALIA.	LEAVE HONGKONG FOR AUSTRALIA.
EMPIRE	April 5.	31st March, at Noon.
EASTERN	May 3.	23rd April, at Noon.
ALDENHAM		23rd May, at Noon.

THE above Steamers are fitted with Refrigerating Machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of Ice, Fresh Provisions, etc., and are lighted throughout with Electricity. All State-Rooms have Electric Fans. A duly qualified Doctor and Stewardess are carried. For further particulars, apply to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, November 2, 1908.

1497

HONGKONG-MANILA.

Highest Class, newest, fastest and most luxurious Steamers between Hongkong and Manila. Saloon and Deck Passengers and Stewards carried. All the most up-to-date arrangements for comfort of Passengers.

CHINA AND MANILA STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

Steamship.	Tons.	Captain.	For	Sailing Dates.
RUBI	2540	S. W. Almond	Manila	SATURDAY, April 3, at Noon.
SAFEO	2540	S. Rodger	Manila	April 10, at Noon.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

Shewan, Tomes & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong New York.

AMERICAN ASIATIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR NEW YORK, VIA PORTS AND SUER CANAL
(WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT THE MALABAR COAST).

26th April, 1909.

For Freight and further information, apply to

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO., General Agents.

Hongkong, March 19, 1909.

Shipping.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

HONGKONG-SOUTH CHINA COAST PORTS.

HIGH-CLASS, Fastest and most luxurious Steamers on the Coast, having splendid Accommodation for First-Class Passengers. Electric Light and Fire-Place Cuisine.

STEAMER HAMUN, Captain J. W. Evans.

For LEAVING HAMUN, THURSDAY, 1st April, at 2 p.m.

STEAMER HAITAN, Captain J. S. Ross.

For LEAVING HAITAN, FRIDAY, 2nd April, at Noon.

STEAMER HAIYANG, Captain A. E. Hodges.

For LEAVING HAIYANG, TUESDAY, 6th April, at Noon.

For the convenience of Passengers, Steamers will arrive at, and depart from, the Company's Wharf (near Blaik Pier).

For Freight and Passage, apply to

DOUGLAS, LAPRAIK & CO., General Managers.

Hongkong, November 17, 1908.

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

REGULAR THREE-WEEKLY SERVICE BETWEEN

JAVA, CHINA AND JAPAN.

STEAMERS

FROM

EXPORTED OR ABOUT

WILL LEAVE FOR ON OR ABOUT

TIJIBODAS	JAPAN	First half of March.	JAVA	Second half of March.
TIJIKATJAP	JAVA	Second half of March.	SHANGHA	Do.
TIJUMAH	AMOY	Do.	JAVA	Do.
TIJILWONG	JAPAN	First half of April.	JAVA	First half of April.
TIJIPANAS	JAVA	Do.	SHANGHA	Do.
TIJIKINI	JAPAN	Second half of April.	JAVA	Second half of April.

THE Steamers are all fitted throughout with Electric Light and have accommodation for a limited number of Saloon Passengers, and will take Cargo to all Nether-lands-Indian ports on through Bills of Lading.

For Particulars of Freight and Passage, apply to

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

YORK BUILDINGS, 1st Floor.

TELEPHONE NO. 375.

1301

THOS. COOK & SON.

TOURIST, STEAMSHIP & FORWARDING AGENTS, BANKERS, etc.

HEAD OFFICE - LUDGATE CIRCUS, LONDON, E.C.

TICKETS TO EUROPE by the principal STEAMSHIP LINES and TRANS-SIBERIAN RAILWAY.

TOURS TO ALL PARTS of the World.

BAGGAGE collected, forwarded and insured at lowest rates.

LETTERS of CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES ISSUED AND CASHED.

FOREIGN MONIES exchanged.

Head Office for the Far East:

16, DES VIEUX ROAD, HONGKONG.

Japan Office: 14, WATER STREET, Yokohama.

Hongkong, April 4, 1908.

1302

GREAT NORTHERN STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Operating the New Twin Screw Steamship

MINNESOTA -

20,000 TONS

BETWEEN YOKOHAMA, KOBE, NAGASAKI, SHANGAI, HONG KONG

And SEATTLE, U. S. A.

Sailing Dates Subject to Change.

MINNESOTA, Captain Chas. Austin, THURSDAY, 6th May, at Noon, at Manilla.

Calling at Manilla, P.I. Westbound and omitting Shanghai Eastbound.

DIRECTIONS FOR FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS.

LUXURIOUS PASSENGER ACCOMMODATIONS - Suites and Saloons (all staterooms), Music room, Library, Smoking room, Laundry, Tidies, Glassware, etc.

TIME-PRECISE CABIN PASSENGERS MAY TRAVEL BY RAIL IF DESIRED BETWEEN PORTS OF YOKOHAMA, KOBE AND NAGASAKI, WITHOUT EXTRA CHARGE.

FOR INFORMATION CONCERNING PASSENGER TICKETS AND PERTINENT CHARGES WITH REGULAR MAIL LINE BETWEEN JAPAN, CHINA AND HONG KONG.

FOR FULL INFORMATION CONCERNING FREIGHT AND PASSENGER FEE, APPLY TO

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, Agents.

Hongkong, March 27, 1908.

438

THE AMERICAN AND ORIENTAL LINE.

FOR NEW YORK.

(With liberty to call at the Malabar Coast.)

THE Steamer NORMAN PRICE, will be dispatched for the above port on WEDNESDAY, the 7th April, 1909.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, March 12, 1909.

1303

THE SHIRE LINE OF STEAMERS, LIMITED.

FOR MARSEILLES, LONDON AND ANTWERP.

THE Steamer GLAMORGANSHIRE, will be dispatched as above about 10th April.

For Freight, apply to

JARDINE, MATHERSON & CO., Agents.

Prince's Building, Hongkong, March 12, 1909.

1304

THE CHINA MAIL.

FOR NEW YORK.

1305

THE CHINA MAIL.

FOR NEW YORK.

1306</div

WEATHER REPORT.

The following notice is issued from the Hongkong Observatory:

On the 30th at 11.55 a.m.—The depression lying to the south of Japan yesterday, is moving away over the Pacific between the S. coast and the Bonins.

Pressure has increased in N.E. Japan, and given way over China, particularly on the N.E. coast. It is highest over the Lower Yangtze Valley.

Pressure is highest over the Formosa Channel and the N. part of the China Sea.

Hongkong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. yesterday, 0.00 inches.

Forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon:

1.—Hongkong and neighbourhood: N.E. winds, fresh to moderate; sea cloudy.

2.—Formosa Channel: Same as No. 1.

3.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Lantau: Same as No. 1.

4.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan: Same as No. 1.

HUNG ON & CO.,
FURNITURE STORE.

DEALERS IN UPHOLSTERY AND IMPORTERS OF EUROPEAN

GOODS OF ALL KINDS.

Electro Silver Plated, Iron, and Glass Ware, Cutlery and Hollow Wares
Manufacturers of High-Class Teakwood Furniture.

Inspection of our Stock respectfully invited.

ADDRESS: 17A, QUEENS ROAD CENTRAL,

Lately occupied by A. CHEE & CO.

Hongkong, February 23, 1909.

287

SHIPPING

ARRIVALS.

March 29.

Rubi, British str., 1,610, R. W. Almond, Manila, March 27, General—SHAWN,
Tours & Co.

Edgarina, German str., 4,200, Hildebrand, Hamburg, Feb. 14, and Singapore
March 22, General—HAMBURG-AMERIKA
LINE.

Triumph, German str., 762, J. O. Hansen,
Hapag and Hohow March 23, Rice and
General—JENSEN & CO.

Angria, German str., 1,001, O. Kämpel,
Bangkok, March 18, Rice—BUTTERFIELD
& SWINE.

Bucky, Mr. Burns and Mrs. W. C. Mason
Borneo, Mr. R. T. Macbeth

Mr. G. L. Burns and child

Mr. L. R. Burford Col. McEvoy

Mr. R. Campbell Mr. G. C. McInnes

Mr. S. R. Clark Mr. G. W. McMillan and
wife

Mr. F. A. East Miss M. A. Mason

Mr. F. E. Finlay Mr. R. T. Macbeth

Mr. F. L. Condon Miss M. A. Mason

Mr. M. Davidson Mr. H. J. Morris

Mr. James Davis Mr. H. D. Morton

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